Financial Statements of

# **BROCKVILLE GENERAL HOSPITAL**

Year ended March 31, 2024

Independent Auditor's Report Statement of Financial Position Statement of Operations Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Deficiency) Statement of Cash Flows Notes to Financial Statements



#### **KPMG LLP** 863 Princess Street, Suite 400 Kingston, ON K7L 5N4 Canada Telephone 613 549 1550 Fax 613 549 6349

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors of Brockville General Hospital

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Brockville General Hospital (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024
- the statement of operations for the year then ended
- the statement of changes in net assets (deficiency) for the year then ended
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at March 31, 2024, and its results of operations, its cash flows and the remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "*Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements*" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.



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- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants Kingston, Canada June 27. 2024

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	 2024	 
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ _	\$ 5,021,180
Receivable from Ministry of Health/Ontario Health	4,492,714	3,113,139
Accounts receivable	5,020,087	2,935,733
Inventory of supplies	1,031,401	1,074,993
Prepaid expenses	1,688,066	 1,231,354
	12,232,268	13,376,399
Restricted cash (note 3)	356,810	410,584
Capital assets (note 4)	229,208,385	228,314,913
	\$ 241,797,463	\$ 242,101,896
Current liabilities: Bank indebtedness (note 9)	\$ 745,464	\$ 
	\$ 25,820,257	\$ 
Bank indebtedness (note 9)	\$	\$ 
Bank indebtedness (note 9) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 25,820,257 26,565,721	\$ 23,954,333
Bank indebtedness (note 9)	\$ 25,820,257	\$ 23,954,333 3,213,400
Bank indebtedness (note 9) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued employee future benefits liability (note 5) Asset retirement obligation (note 10)	\$ 25,820,257 26,565,721 3,340,000	\$ 23,954,333 3,213,400
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Bank indebtedness (note 9) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued employee future benefits liability (note 5) Asset retirement obligation (note 10) Deferred contributions (note 6): Expenses of future periods	\$ 25,820,257 26,565,721 3,340,000 1,995,000 611,773	\$ 23,954,333 3,213,400 1,995,000 610,536
Bank indebtedness (note 9) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued employee future benefits liability (note 5) Asset retirement obligation (note 10) Deferred contributions (note 6): Expenses of future periods Capital assets Net assets (deficiency):	\$ 25,820,257 26,565,721 3,340,000 1,995,000 611,773 195,595,364 196,207,137	\$ 23,954,333 3,213,400 1,995,000 610,536 198,642,386 199,252,922
Bank indebtedness (note 9) Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued employee future benefits liability (note 5) Asset retirement obligation (note 10) Deferred contributions (note 6): Expenses of future periods Capital assets Net assets (deficiency): Invested in capital assets (note 7(a))	\$ 25,820,257 26,565,721 3,340,000 1,995,000 611,773 195,595,364	\$ 23,954,333 3,213,400 1,995,000 610,536 198,642,386 199,252,922 29,672,527
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See accompanying notes to financial statements.

On behalf of the Board:

-Director

Jand Jo Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	2024	2023
Revenue:		
Ministry of Health/Ontario Health (note 17)	\$ 106,600,945	\$ 97,125,262
Provincial insurance plan	8,641,942	7,829,515
Patient revenue from other payers	432,249	834,859
Co-payments	235,400	149,556
Preferred accommodation	130,622	149,069
Funding for other programs	1,789,914	1,940,600
Amortization of deferred contributions for		
equipment capital assets	1,503,023	1,439,758
Recoveries and other revenue	5,117,261	5,527,600
Investment income (note 13)	56,808	102,164
	124,508,164	115,098,383
Expenses:		
. Medical staff remuneration	11,390,863	11,602,908
Employee salary and benefits	82,322,814	74,299,502
Drugs	1,678,971	1,548,774
Medical and surgical supplies	5,200,458	5,728,373
Supplies and other expenses	20,519,479	18,649,396
Interest	196,745	6,275
Amortization of equipment	2,598,219	2,672,829
	123,907,549	114,508,057
Excess of revenue over expenses from Hospital operations	600,615	590,326
Amortization of deferred contributions		
related to capital assets - building	6,201,982	6,183,457
Amortization of capital assets - building	(6,799,233)	(6,773,783)
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 3,364	\$ _

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets (Deficiency)

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

	Invested in capital assets (note 7(a))	Other internally restricted (note 8(a))	E	ndowments (note 8(b))	Unrestricted	2024 Total	2023 Total
Balance (deficiency), beginning of year	\$ 29,672,527	\$ 36,834	\$	19,397 \$	(16,042,517) \$	13,686,241	\$ 13,686,241
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(1,692,447)	_		_	1,695,811	3,364	_
Investment in capital assets	5,632,941	_		_	(5,632,941)	_	-
Internally imposed restrictions	_	(36,834)		_	36,834	_	-
Balance (deficiency), end of year	\$ 33,613,021	\$ _	\$	19,397 \$	(19,942,813) \$	13,689,605	\$ 13,686,241

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2024, with comparative information for 2023

		2024		2023
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operating activities:				
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	3,364	\$	_
Items not involving cash:				
Amortization of deferred contributions for		(		
capital assets		(7,705,005)		(7,623,215)
Amortization of capital assets		9,397,452		9,446,612
Change in accrued employee future		400.000		(04,700)
benefits liability		126,600		(24,700)
Cash provided by (used in) the following				
operational balances:		(1 270 575)		E 047 276
Receivable from Ministry of Health/Ontario Health Accounts receivable		(1,379,575) (2,084,354)		5,247,376 138,969
Inventory of supplies		43,592		35,709
Prepaid expenses		(456,712)		(106,968)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,865,924		(11,178,892)
Deferred contributions received for future expenses		1,237		(5,908)
		(187,477)		(4,071,017)
Capital activities:				
Purchase of capital assets		(10,290,924)		(6,957,609)
Deferred contributions for capital assets		4,657,983		1,335,865
		(5,632,941)		(5,621,744)
Decrease in cash		(5,820,418)		(9,692,761)
Cash, beginning of year		5,431,764		15,124,525
		0,101,101		10,121,020
Cash (bank indebtedness), end of year	\$	(388,654)	\$	5,431,764
Cash is comprised of the following:				
Cash	\$	(745,464)	\$	5,021,180
Restricted cash	Ψ	356,810	Ψ	410,584
		000,010		
	\$	(388,654)	\$	5,431,764
		. /		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2024

The Brockville General Hospital, (the "Hospital") was incorporated in 1885 under an Act respecting Benevolent, Provident and other Societies, being Chapter 167 of the Revised Statutes of Ontario, 1877. Its principal activity is the operation of a health care facility in Brockville, Ontario. The Brockville General Hospital is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act (Canada) are met.

#### 1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

(a) Revenue recognition:

The Hospital is funded primarily by the Ministry of Health/Ontario Health ("MOH"). Operating grants are recorded as revenue in the period to which they relate. Grants approved but not received at the end of an accounting period are accrued.

The Hospital follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and government grants. These financial statements reflect agreed arrangements approved by the MOH with respect to the year ended March 31, 2024.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenditures are recognized. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Contributions of non-amortizable capital assets are recorded as direct increases in net assets in the year in which they are received.

Other revenue is recognized when performance obligations are fulfilled.

(b) Contributed services:

A substantial number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of time each year. Due to the difficulty of determining the fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

(c) Inventory of supplies:

Inventory of supplies is valued at the lower of average cost and net replacement value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life and capacity of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Hospital's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Amortization of cost and any corresponding deferred contribution is calculated on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates per MOH guidelines:

Costs of construction and planning in progress are capitalized. Amortization is not recognized until construction is complete and the assets are put into use.

(e) Vacation pay:

Vacation pay is accrued for all employees as entitlement to these payments is earned in accordance with the Hospital's benefit plan for vacation.

(f) Employee future benefits:

The Hospital accrues its obligations under employee benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn non-pension post-retirement benefits. The cost of such benefits earned by the employees is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimate of the retirement ages of employees and expected health and dental care costs.

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

Actuarial gains (losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arise from differences between actual and expected experience and from changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains (losses) are amortized over the remaining service period of active employees. The average remaining service period of active employee benefit plan is 14 years (2023 - 14 years).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(g) Multi-employer pension plan:

The Hospital participates in a defined benefit multi-employer pension plan. The plan is accounted for on a defined contribution plan basis as contributions to the benefit plan are determined by the plan administrator and are expensed when due. The most recent regulatory funding valuation of this multi-employer pension plan conducted as at December 31, 2023 disclosed actuarial assets of \$112,635 million (2022 - \$103,672 million) with accrued pension liabilities of \$102,454 million (2022 - \$92,721 million), resulting in a surplus of \$10,181 million (2022 - \$10,951 million). This filing valuation also confirmed that the plan was fully funded on a solvency basis as at December 31, 2023 based on the assumptions and methods adopted for the valuation.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statement requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(i) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Management has not elected to subsequently carry financial instruments at fair value.

Long-term debt is recorded at amortized cost.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the Statement of Operations.

(j) Statement of remeasurement gains and losses:

A statement of remeasurement gains and losses has not been provided as there are no significant unrealized gains or losses at March 31, 2024.

(k) Asset retirement obligations:

The Hospital recognizes the fair value of an asset retirement obligation ("ARO") when all of the following criteria have been met:

- There is a legal obligation to incur retirement costs in relation to a tangible capital asset;
- The past transaction or event giving rise to the liability has occurred;
- It is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- A reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(k) Asset retirement obligations (continued):

Actual remediation costs incurred are charged against the ARO to the extent of the liability recorded. Differences between the actual remediation costs incurred and the associated liability are recognized in the Statement of Operations at the time of remediation.

#### 2. Change in accounting policies:

On April 1, 2023, the Hospital adopted Canadian public sector accounting standard PS 3400 Revenue. The new accounting standard establishes a single framework to categorize revenue to enhance the consistency of revenue recognition and its measurement. As at March 31, 2024, the Hospital determined that the adoption of this new standard did not have an impact on the amounts presented in the financial statements.

#### 3. Restricted cash:

Restricted cash represents funds received from the Brockville and District Hospital Foundation. These funds are externally restricted through the J.E. Johnson Bequest fund.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 4. Capital assets:

						2024		2023
			A	ccumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost	i	amortization		value		value
	•		•		•		•	
Land	\$	3,357,835	\$	-	\$	3,357,835	\$	3,357,835
Land improvements		7,800,808		1,562,954		6,237,854		6,627,558
Buildings and building								
service equipment including								
asset retirement costs	2	251,561,485		57,515,618		194.045.867	1	99,435,009
Equipment, furnishings	-	101,001,100		01,010,010		10 1,0 10,001		00,100,000
and software		54,713,589		43,297,235		11,416,354		11,603,289
		54,715,569		43,297,235		11,410,554		11,003,209
Information system								
software and								
equipment		12,892,576		11,644,882		1,247,694		1,503,673
Construction and								
planning in progress		12,902,781		_		12,902,781		5,787,549
	\$3	343,229,074	\$ <sup>·</sup>	114,020,689	\$2	229,208,385	\$2	28,314,913

Cost and accumulated amortization of capital assets at March 31, 2023 amounted to \$334,933,151 and \$106,618,238, respectively.

On February 21, 2018, the Hospital was approved to renovate and build an addition to the Charles Street site for a Complex Continuing Care/Mental Health/Rehabilitation Project ("Project"). The MOH approved a total project cost of \$179 million, with maximum MOH funding of up to \$159 million.

The addition accommodated the transfer of all services previously provided at the Hospital's Garden Street site, as well as additional acute care beds.

This project was completed in fiscal 2021. Total project costs amounted to \$187 million, with costs in the amount of \$176.5 million capitalized to building, \$7.1 million capitalized to land improvements and \$3.4 million capitalized to equipment, furnishings and software.

MOH funding received amounted to \$159 million and is included in deferred capital contributions on the Statement of Financial Position.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 5. Employee future benefits:

(a) The Hospital has defined benefit plans providing post-retirement health care, dental and life insurance benefits covering substantially all retirees and permanent full-time employees. There are no assets associated with these benefit plans. Information about the Hospital's defined post-retirement benefit plans, in aggregate, is as follows:

	2024	2023
Accrued benefits obligation, beginning of year Adjustment due to plan changes	\$ 3,412,300 134,700	\$ 3,629,300
Current service cost Interest on accrued benefits Actuarial experience Benefits payments	254,700 164,000 (63,000) (315,800)	263,800 134,500 (299,300) (316,000)
Accrued benefits obligation, end of year	3,586,900	3,412,300
Unamortized actuarial experience loss	(246,900)	(198,900)
Accrued employee future benefits liability, end of year	\$ 3,340,000	\$ 3,213,400

An independent actuarial study of the post-retirement and post-employment benefits has been undertaken. The most recent valuation of employee future benefits was completed as at April 1, 2021.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in estimating the Hospital's accrued benefits obligation at the beginning and end of the year are as follows:

Discount rate	4.5% per annum (2023 - 3.6%)
Dental cost escalation	3.0% per annum (2023 - 3.0%)
Health care cost escalation	5.57% per annum (2023 - 5.57%)

#### (b) The Hospital's post-retirement benefit plans expense is as follows:

	2024	2023
Current service cost Interest on accrued benefits Amortization of actuarial gain Adjustment due to plan changes	\$ 254,700 164,000 (111,000) 134,700	\$ 263,800 134,500 (107,000) –
	\$ 442,400	\$ 291,300

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 6. Deferred contributions:

(a) Expenses of future periods:

Deferred contributions for expenses of future periods represent unspent government grants and externally restricted provincial grants, donations, bequests and fundraising for particular purposes.

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Additional contributions Less amount recognized as revenue in the year	\$ 610,536 59,507 (58,270)	\$ 616,444 113,031 (118,939)
Balance, end of year	\$ 611,773	\$ 610,536

The balance of deferred contributions for expenses of future periods consists of the following:

	2024	2023
J.E. Johnson Bequest Other	\$ 356,810 254,963	\$ 373,750 236,786
	\$ 611,773	\$ 610,536

#### (b) Capital assets:

Deferred contributions for capital assets represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of grants and donations received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the Statement of Operations.

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year Additional contributions Less amount amortized to revenue	\$ 198,642,386 4,657,983 (7,705,005)	\$204,929,736 1,335,865 (7,623,215)
Balance, end of year	\$ 195,595,364	\$ 198,642,386

The balance of deferred contributions for capital assets consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Unamortized capital contributions used to purchase assets	\$ 195,595,364	\$198,642,386
	\$ 195,595,364	\$198,642,386

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

#### 7. Net assets invested in capital assets:

(a) Net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2024	2023
Capital assets Amounts financed by deferred contributions	\$229,208,385 (195,595,364)	\$228,314,913 (198,642,386)
	\$ 33,613,021	\$ 29,672,527

<sup>(</sup>b) Change in net assets invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2024	2023
Excess of expenses over revenue:		
Amortization of deferred contributions for		
capital assets	\$ 7,705,005	\$ 7,623,215
Amortization of:		
Buildings	(6,799,233)	(6,773,783)
Equipment	(2,598,219)	(2,672,829)
	(1,692,447)	(1,823,397)
Net change in investment in capital assets:		
Purchase of capital assets	10,290,924	6,957,609
Amount financed by deferred contributions	(4,657,983)	(1,335,865)
	5,632,941	5,621,744
	\$ 3,940,494	\$ 3,798,347

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 8. Restrictions on net assets:

(a) Other net assets internally restricted represent the unexpended balance of income on the J.E. Johnson Bequest of \$356,810 included in deferred contributions for expenses of future periods. The Hospital's Board of Directors considers the income from the bequest to be restricted in the same manner as the bequest itself, that is, its expenditure is subject to the approval of the Board of Directors of Brockville General Volunteer Association. The Board of Directors restricts net assets as follows:

	2024	2023
Beginning balance Net income on fund Draw from fund for expenditures	\$ 36,834 13,326 (50,160)	\$ 48,275 18,570 (30,011)
	\$ _	\$ 36,834

(b) Endowments net assets represent endowment capital which cannot be expended.

#### 9. Bank indebtedness:

The Hospital's financial agreement with its bank provides for an operating facility of up to \$10,000,000 to finance (operating and capital) expenses, with a \$6,000,000 (2023 - \$Nil) annual seasonal bulge. As at March 31, 2024, \$444,077 (2023 - \$Nil) was drawn.

Interest paid on this facility during 2024 amounted to \$196,745 (2023 - \$6,275).

#### 10. Asset retirement obligation:

The Hospital's asset retirement obligations relate to the legally required removal or remediation of asbestos-containing materials in certain buildings. The obligation is determined based on the estimated undiscounted cash flows that will be required in the future to remove or remediate the asbestos containing material in accordance with current legislation.

The change in the estimated obligation during the year consists of the following:

	2024	2023
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,995,000	\$ 1,995,000
Less: obligations settled during the year	-	-
Balance, end of year	\$ 1,995,000	\$ 1,995,000

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 11. Contingencies:

- (a) The nature of the Hospital's activities is such that there is usually litigation pending or in prospect at any time. With respect to claims at March 31, 2024, management believes that the Hospital has valid defenses and appropriate insurance coverages in place. In the event any claims are successful, management believes that such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the Hospital's financial position.
- (b) Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada ("HIROC" or the "Reciprocal") was formed in 1987 as an insurance reciprocal pursuant to the Insurance Act of Ontario. The Reciprocal is licensed in Ontario, Manitoba, Newfoundland and Labrador, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Nova Scotia, Northwest Territories, Yukon and Nunavut. It facilitates the exchange of reciprocal contracts of insurance among its subscribers, which are not-for-profit Canadian health care organizations. Since 1987 coverage has been provided for health care liability risks and during 2003 coverage was extended to include property risks.

The Financial Services Commission of Ontario and the Insurance Act of Ontario require that the Reciprocal maintain a surplus of assets over liabilities.

Subscribers pay annual premiums, which are actuarially determined, and are subject to assessment for losses in excess of such premiums, if any, experienced by the group of subscribers for the years in which they were a subscriber. There are no such assessments payable to HIROC as at March 31, 2024.

Since its inception in 1987 HIROC has accumulated an unappropriated surplus, which is the total of premiums paid by all subscribers plus investment income less the obligation for claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses. Each subscriber which has an excess of premium plus investment income over the obligation for their allocation of claims reserves and expenses and operating expenses may be entitled to receive distributions of their share of the unappropriated surplus at the time such distributions are declared by the Board of Directors of HIROC. There are no such distributions receivable from HIROC as at March 31, 2024.

(c) Employment matters:

During the normal course of operation, the Hospital is involved in certain employment related negotiations and has recorded accruals based on management's estimate of potential settlement amounts where these amounts are reasonably determinable.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 12. Commitments:

- (a) The Hospital has entered into a contract with Kingston Regional Hospital Laundry Services for laundry services for an initial term of April 1, 2015 until August 31, 2020. This contract was renewed for a four-year term, until August 31, 2024, with the option to renew for up to three additional five-year terms.
- (b) The Hospital has entered into a contract with Kingston Health Sciences Centre and the Southeastern Ontario Academic Medical Organization for laboratory and pathology services for an initial term of July 6, 2017 until June 30, 2022 with the option to renew for five years. The agreement was renewed in 2022 for an additional five-year term ending June 30, 2027.
- (c) The Hospital is currently in the implementation phase of a major information systems project (referred to as "Lumeo RHIS") to replace its current core clinical system over the next four years. The project will be delivered under a "Governance and Master Services Agreement" led by Kingston Health Sciences Centre in partnership with Brockville General Hospital, Lennox and Addington County General Hospital Association, Perth and Smith Falls District Hospital, Providence Care Centre, and Quinte Health Care Hospital. The partners have gone through a rigorous process of procurement and planning over the past five years and agreed to commence implementation in July 2021. Under the agreement, the Hospital is responsible for specific costs relating to the local site implementation in addition to a proportionate share of regional costs. In 2021, the Hospital's Board of Directors approved the project with a total cost of ownership of approximately \$15 million over 10 years.

Costs incurred to date of \$7,000,000 (2023 - \$4,400,000) are included in capital assets on the Statement of Financial Position relating to this project and have been financed using internal resources.

The Hospital is currently developing a financing strategy to support capital costs relating to the project. Future commitments relating to the project are expected to change based on the actual expenses incurred by the project.

(d) The Hospital has entered into an agreement to purchase capital equipment of approximately \$7.5 million. The remaining commitment at March 31, 2024 is approximately \$4.4 million.

#### 13. Investment income:

Investment income earned is reported as follows:

	2024	2023
Income earned on unrestricted resources Income earned on externally restricted resources:	\$ 43,482	\$ 83,594
JEJ Bequest Fund	13,326	18,570
	\$ 56,808	\$ 102,164

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 14. Pension plan:

Substantially all of the employees of the Hospital are members of the Healthcare of Ontario Pension Plan (the "Plan") which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees of the participating members of the Ontario Hospital Association. The Plan specifies the amount of the retirement benefit to be received by the employees based on the length of service and rates of pay.

Contributions to the Plan made during the year by the Hospital on behalf of its employees amounted to \$4,902,395 (2023 - \$4,161,000) and are recorded in the Statement of Operations.

Pension expense is based on Plan management's best estimates, in consultation with its actuaries, of the amount, required to provide a high level of assurance that benefits will be fully represented by fund assets at retirement, as provided by the Plan. The funding objective is for employer contributions to the Plan to remain a constant percentage of employees' contributions.

Variances between actuarial funding estimates and actual experience may be material and any differences are generally to be funded by the participating members. The Plan's 2023 Annual Report indicates the plan is fully funded at 115%.

#### 15. Other information:

(a) The Brockville & District Hospital Foundation (the "Foundation") is incorporated without share capital under the Ontario Corporations Act. It is a non-profit corporation established for the purpose of receiving and maintaining a fund or funds and applying all or part of the principal and the income therefrom to the Hospital or such other organizations whose objectives are similar to or congruent with the Hospital. The Foundation qualifies for tax-exempt status as a registered charity under the Income Tax Act (Canada). The Hospital has an economic interest, but not control of the Brockville & District Hospital Foundation.

During the year, the Hospital received \$4,761,220 (2023 - \$1,339,670) from the Foundation for the purchase of capital and operating needs.

The net assets and results of operations of the Foundation are not included in the financial statements of the Hospital.

(b) The Hospital has economic interest in the Brockville General Volunteer Association by way of the Hospital holding resources that are used by the Volunteer Association to produce revenue. The net assets and results of the operations of the Volunteer Association are not included in the financial statements of the Hospital.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 16. Financial risks and concentration of credit risks:

(a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Hospital is exposed to credit risk with respect to the accounts receivable.

The Hospital assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Hospital at March 31, 2024 is the carrying value of these assets.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable is valued with consideration for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount of any related impairment loss is recognized in the Statement of Operations. Subsequent recoveries of impairment losses related to accounts receivable are credited to the Statement of Operations. The balance of allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2024 is \$297,855 (2023 - \$218,254).

There have been no significant changes to the credit risk exposure from 2023.

(b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Hospital will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. During the year, the Hospital's liquidity risk has increased as a result of the Hospital's investment in capital assets and the repeal of Bill 124. As at March 31, 2024, the Hospital continues to experience a working capital deficiency. As at March 31, 2024, the Hospital's current liabilities exceed its current assets by \$14,333,453 (2023 - \$10,577,934). The Hospital manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Hospital prepares budget and cash flow forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations and provides regular reporting on financial results to the Board of Directors.

The Hospital's liquidity risk has increased in the year due to the effect of capital investments and the repeal of Bill 124 on its overall liquidity.

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates or interest rates will affect the Hospital's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposure within acceptable parameters while optimizing return on investment.

There have been no significant changes to the market risk exposure from 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 16. Financial risks and concentration of credit risks (continued):

(d) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows or a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

Financial assets and financial liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Hospital to cash flow interest rate risk.

There have been no significant changes to the interest rate risk exposure from 2023.

#### 17. Ministry of Health/Ontario Health pandemic funding:

In connection with the ongoing coronavirus pandemic ("COVID-19"), the Ministry of Health/Ontario Health ("MOH") has announced a number of funding programs intended to assist hospitals with incremental operating and capital costs and revenue decreases resulting from COVID-19. In addition to these funding programs, the MOH is also permitting hospitals to redirect unused funding from certain volume-based programs towards COVID-19 costs and other operational pressures through a broad-based funding reconciliation.

While the MOH has provided guidance with respect to the maximum amount of funding potentially available to the Hospital, as well as criteria for eligibility and revenue recognition, this guidance continues to evolve and is subject to revision and clarification subsequent to the time of approval of these financial statements. The MOH has also indicated that all funding related to COVID-19 is subject to review and reconciliation, with the potential for adjustments during the subsequent fiscal year.

Management's estimate of MOH revenue for COVID-19 is based on the most recent guidance provided by MOH and the impacts of COVID-19 on the Hospital's operations, revenues and expenses. Any adjustments to Management's estimate of MOH revenues will be reflected in the Hospital's financial statements in the year of settlement.

Details of the MOH funding for COVID-19 recognized as revenue on the Statement of Operations are summarized below:

	2024	2023
Funding for incremental COVID-19 operating expenses Funding for COVID-19 assessment centre Funding for temporary physician funding	\$ _ 222,082 _	\$ 1,351,077 1,217,276 775,789
	\$ 222,082	\$ 3,344,142

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2024

#### 18. Impact of Bill 124:

On November 29, 2022, the Ontario Superior Court declared Bill 124 as void and of no effect. Also known as the Protecting a Sustainable Public Sector for Future Generations Act, 2019, Bill 124 limited wage increases for workers in the Broader Public Sector to 1.00% for a 3-year period. As part of the Broader Public Sector to which the bill applies, the Hospital's employees were subject to the 1.00% cap on annual wage increases imposed by the legislation. The Hospital's collective agreements contained clauses that allowed for the agreements to be reopened for negotiation on matters related to compensation should Bill 124 be appealed, or declared unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction. As of March 31st, 2024, the Hospital has completed negotiation with all applicable employees for the wage adjustments related to the Bill 124 moderation period. Any amounts owing or paid to employees above the Hospital's previously accrued amounts are included under "Employee salary and benefits" on the Statement of Operations.

During the fiscal year, the MOH announced funding programs to support eligible organizations with the one-time and ongoing costs related to retroactive wage settlements for the Bill 124 moderation period. Under these funding programs, the Hospital recognized \$8,669,000 (2023 - \$nil) in revenue under Ministry of Health/Ontario Health on the Statement of Operations of which the Hospital estimates that \$5,023,581 relates to expenses recognized in previous fiscal years.